assertion

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This file is part of CasADi.

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```
[1]: from casadi import *
```

CasADi provides a mechanism to add assertions in an MX expression graph This can be useful to debug yor code, e.g. debugging why the end-result of a computation yields NaN

Consider this example:

```
[2]: x = MX.sym("x")
y = sin(x)
z = sqrt(y)
[3]: f = Function("f", [x], [z])
```

```
[4]: z0 = f(5)
```

[5]: print(z0)

-nan

For some mysterious reason we get NaN here

Next, we add an assertion:

```
[6]: y = y.attachAssert(y>0, "bummer") # Add assertion here
z = sqrt(y)
```

```
[7]: f = Function("f", [x],[z])
```

```
[8]: try:
    z0 = f(5)
    except Exception as e:
        print("An exception was raised here:")
        print(e)
```

```
An exception was raised here:
Error in Function::call for 'f' [MXFunction] at
.../casadi/core/function.cpp:361:
.../casadi/core/assertion.cpp:70: Assertion error: bummer
```

You can combine this with Callback to do powerful assertions

```
[9]: class Dummy(Callback):
    def __init__(self, name, opts={}):
        Callback.__init__(self)
        self.construct(name, opts)
    def get_n_in(self): return 1
    def get_n_out(self): return 1
    def eval(self, arg):
        import numpy
        x = arg[0]
        m = max(numpy.real(numpy.linalg.eig(blockcat([[x,-1],[-1,2]]))[0]))
        print("m=",m)
        return [int(m>2)]
```

```
[10]: foo = Dummy("foo")
```

```
[11]: y = sin(x)
```

[12]: y = y.attachAssert(foo(y), "you are in trouble") # Add assertion here
z = sqrt(y)

```
[13]: f = Function("f", [x],[z])
```

```
[14]: z0 = f(5)
```

m= 2.3062613059254473